THE

North-China Herald.

OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION.—It is hereby notified that until further orders, the *North-China Herald* is to be considered the Official Organ of all Notifications proceeding from Her Majesty's Legation and Superintendency of Trade in China.
H. M.'s Legation, Shanghai, 22nd June, 1860.

E. ST. JOHN NEALE,
Secretary of Legation.

VOL. XVI., N°. 772. SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1865. PRICE, TAELS 15 PER ANNUM.

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.—Mr. T. S. BORRADAILE is authorized to sign our Firm.

DOW & Co.
3ju 595 Shanghai, 1st May, 1865.

NOTICE.—Mr. H. OHL has this day been authorized to sign our Firm in China.

OXFORD & Co.
20my 597 Shanghai, 20th April, 1865.

NOTICE.—The Undersigned begs to announce that he has established himself at this port as *Tea Taster and Inspector*, and all orders confided to his care will receive his best attention.

J. OSBORNE.
tf 516 Shanghai, Sept. 8th, 1864.

NOTICE.

WE have this day established ourselves at this place, as *Public Sith Inspectors and General Commission Merchants*, under the style and firm of MAERTENS, LATHAM & Co.

AUG. H. MAERTENS.
THOS. STANLEY LATHAM.
8jy-65 470 Shanghai, 1st July, 1864.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned (in the absence of Mr. ALBERT ROBINSON, M. Inst., C. E.) having been appointed Agents for Messrs. RANDOLPH, ELDER & Co., Engineers and Shipbuilders, Glasgow, are prepared to give full particulars concerning the cost of Steamers, Steam Dredging Vessels, Screw Pile Wharves, &c., and to contract for same at home prices.

Plans, models, and specifications of the above can be seen on application.

GLOVER & Co.
tf 424 Shanghai, 18th May, 1864.

NOTICE.—Mr. H. A. KNOOP is from this day authorised to sign our Firm by procuration.

KNOOP & Co.
8oc-65 517 Shanghai, Oct. 8th, 1864.

NOTICE.

ON the first of May 1864, Mr. JOHN BROADHURST TOOTAL was admitted a partner in the business of the undersigned in China.

NICHOL LATIMER & Co., Shanghai.
LATIMER LITTLE & Co., Kiukiang.
tf 467 Shanghai, 6th June, 1864.

NOTICE.—The interest and responsibility of Mr. WILLIAM HERBERT VACHER in our Firm, ceased on the 30th April, 1865. The partnership now consists of—RICHARD JAMES GILMAN, CHARLES AUGUSTUS WILD, HENRY BEVERLEY LEMANN, WILLIAM LEMANN, EDMUND HENRY LAVERS.

GILMAN & Co.
5au 546 China, 1st May, 1865.

NOTICE.—We have established ourselves at this Port as *General & Commission Merchants*, under the style and firm of RAINBOW, LEWIS & Co.

I. M. RAINBOW,
G. LEWIS.
13jy 590 Nagasaki, March, 1865.

NOTICE.

I have this day admitted MR. J. W. WOOD a Partner in my Business, which will in future be carried on under the Style and Firm of CERRUTI, WOOD & Co.

G. E. CERRUTI.
tf 362 Ningpo, 10th February, 1864.

NOTICE.—Mr. JOHN MORRIS has this day been admitted as partner in our firm.

JACKSON & Co.
tf 332 Ningpo, 1st Nov., 1864.

NOTICE.—The Interest and Responsibility of Mr. JAMES LINDLEY GLOVER in our Firm ceased on the 31st of December, 1864.

GLOVER & Co.
21jy 541 April 21st, 1865.

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.—The business of the Undersigned as *Public Tea Inspector and Commission Agent* at this port will from his date be carried on under the style of KINNEAR & Co.

W. B. KINNEAR.
tf 567 Foochow, Jan. 1st, 1865.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have this day established a Branch of their business, as *Merchants and Commission Agents*, at this Port under the management of Mr. WILLIAM ADAMSON.

THE BORNEO COMPANY "LIMITED."
tf 218 Hongkong, 1st August, 1863.

NOTICE.—On the 1st instant, Mr. HUGH MORRISON was admitted a Partner in my business, which will in future be carried on under the style and firm of GAVIN & MORRISON.

JOHN GAVIN.
tf 542 Hankow, 17th April, 1865.

NOTICE.—We have this day established ourselves in Business at this Port as *Merchants & General Commission Agents*, under the style and Firm of BALLANCE & HALLAM.

T. FRED. BALLANCE.
J. B. HALLAM.
1jy 586 Hankow, 1st April, 1865.

NOTICE.—Mr. W. F. B. SAMS ceases to sign our Firm from the 31st March, 1865.

INNES & Co.
17ju 581 Hankow, March 18th, 1865.

NOTICE.

WE have established a branch of our Firm at Chefoo, and Mr. J. D. THORBURN will sign our Firm per procuration at that place.

MEADOWS & Co.
tf 297 Tientsin, 2nd November, 1863.

NOTICE.—Mr. JOSEPH HENRY MCCLURE is authorised to sign our Firm per procuration from this date.

PLATT & Co.
12au 578 Tientsin, 1st Jan., 1865.

JOHN POOK,
Commission Agent.
4, LIME STREET SQUARE,
LONDON.
tf *E. C.*

INSURANCES.

THE LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.
137, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
JAMES HARTLEY & Co., *Managers.*
ESTABLISHED 1843.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at Nagasaki for the above office are prepared to accept risks by first class steamers.

GLOVER & Co.
2jy-65 465 Nagasaki, 1st July, 1864.

PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are now prepared to grant Policies in this Office on the usual terms and conditions to the extent of Shanghai Taels 15,000 on the contents of any one building, situated on the British Concession at Tseelubin, Tientsin.

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
tf Shanghai, 25th August, 1862.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Marine Branch: 5 ROYAL EXCHANGE AVENUE, LONDON.
CAPITAL,...2,500,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the *Marine Branch* of the above Company, are prepared to issue Policies at current rates of Premium.

GIBB LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf 258 Shanghai, 14th Oct., 1863.

INSURANCES.

CITY OF GLASGOW.
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED IN 1838.
Subscribers Capital £600,000
Accumulated Funds at 20th January, 1864, (£460,000.)
Annual Revenue at that date £103,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company in Japan and China, are prepared to accept risks, on terms, particulars of which can be obtained on application to

JARVIE THORBURN & Co.
5no-65 529 Shanghai, 1st Nov., 1864.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned have been authorised to GRANT POLICIES against Fire on buildings owned by Europeans and in the occupation of Chinese, provided such buildings are of first class construction and situated in the Foreign Settlement.

TURNER & Co.
tf Shanghai, 9th April, 1862.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above named Company, at this Port are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of £10,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored thereon.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf Shanghai, 15th September, 1858.

NORTH-CHINA INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned, as Agents for the above Company, accept Risks on produce shipped from this Port to Shanghai, Amoy, Foochow, Swatow and Hongkong.

MAITLAND, BUSH & Co.
Hong name—Wha-kee.
tf 370 Newchwang, January 1864.

"HAMBURG—BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY."

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in China for the above named Company are prepared to grant Policies against Fire at Shanghai to the extent of £10,000,—on one risk, as under:

1.—On Buildings or on their contents.
2.—On Ships, lying in port, or on their contents.

For further particulars apply to

WM. PUSTAU & Co.,
Agents in Shanghai.
tf Shanghai, 1st December, 1858.

BOMBAY ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at this Port for the above Company are prepared to grant Policies against Marine Risks on the usual terms and conditions.

DAVID SASSOON SONS & Co.
tf 170 Shanghai, 29th June, 1863.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents at this Port for the above Company are prepared to grant Policies against Marine Risks at the Current Rates of Premium.

DOW & Co.
31dc-65 324 Shanghai, 1st January, 1864.

THE NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL £1,250,760 STG.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances against Fire to the extent of £10,000 Stg. on any one Building, or on its contents.

For Terms, &c., apply to

TURNER & Co.
tf Shanghai, 3rd February, 1862.

AUSTRALASIAN FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
(Liability Limited.)
MARINE DEPARTMENT.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Shanghai for this Company, are now prepared to issue Policies on Marine Risks only, on the usual terms.

Losses can be made payable in Shanghai, Hongkong, Calcutta, Melbourne, or London.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
tf 308 Shanghai, 4th December, 1863

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Directors of the Lancashire Insurance Company have appointed Messrs. W. R. ADAMSON & Co. Agents for the Company at Shanghai.

By Order,

GEORGE STEWART,
General Manager.
tf 240 Manchester, July 1863.

INSURANCES.

ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.

President:
Sir MOSES MONTEFIORE, Bart., F.R.S.
Board of Direction:
JAMES ALEXANDER, Esq., (Alexander, Fletcher & Co.)
C. J. BARNETT, Esp., (Barnett, Hoare, Barnett & Co.)
G. H. BARNETT, Esq., Glympton Park, Woodstock.
BENJAMIN COHEN, Esq., New Court.
JAMES FLETCHER, Esq., (Alexander, Fletcher & Co.)
WILLIAM GLADSTONE, Esq., (Thomson, Bonar & Co.)
G. J. GOSCHEN, Esq., M.P., for the City of London, (Frühling & Goschen.)
SAMUEL GURNEY, Esq., M.P. for Penryn and Falmouth.
JAMES HELME, Esq., Director of the Provincial Bank of Ireland.
SAMPSON LUCAS, Esq., (Lucas, Micholls & Co.)
ELLIOT MACNAGHTEN, Esq., Director of the Provincial Bank of Ireland.
THOMAS MASTERMAN, Esq., Collingwood House, Brighton.
J. M. MONTEFIORE, Esq., Director of the Provincial Bank of Ireland.
Sir ANTHONY DE ROTHSCHILD, M.P., for the City of London.
THOMAS C. SMITH, Esq., 23, Oxford Square, Hyde Park.

ASSURANCES on buildings and contents, accepted at lowest current rates. Losses promptly and liberally settled.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Agents in China.
tf 437 Shanghai, 20th May, 1864.

GUARDIAN
FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
11, LOMBARD ST. LONDON.
Established 1821.
CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

Directors.
Sir Minto Farquhar, Bart., M.P., *Chairman.*
Charles Wm. Curtis, Esq., *Depy. Chairman.*
Henry Hulsey Berens, Esq.
Henry Bonham Carter, Esq.
Charles F. Devas, Esq.
Francis Hart Dyke, Esq.
Sir Walter R. Farquhar, Bart.
James Goodson, Esq.
Thomas Hankey, Esq., M.P.
John G. Hubbard, Esq., M.P.
F. H. Jansen, Esq.
G. J. Shaw Lefevre, Esq., M.P.
John Martin, Esq.
Rowland Mitchell, Esq.
James Morris, Esq.
Henry Norman, Esq.
Henry R. Reynolds, Esq.
Abraham John Roberts, Esq.
William Steven, Esq.
Henry Vigne, Esq.
SECRETARY.
Thomas Tallemach, Esq.
ACTUARY.
Samuel Brown, Esq.
Superintendent of Fire Department.
Isaac Delvalle, Esq.

The undersigned have been appointed Agents to the above named Company in China and are prepared to grant Policies here or at any of the Treaty Ports against Fire on the usual terms.

ALFRED WILKINSON & Co.
25ju-65 455 Shanghai, 25th June, 1864.

PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies in this Office on the usual terms and conditions to the extent of £10,000, on any one Building with its contents, or to the extent of £30,000 on three or more separate buildings in the same occupancy.

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
tf Shanghai, 25th February, 1869.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above named Company at Shanghai and Hankow, are prepared to grant policies against fire on the usual terms on any one building or its contents, as also on blocks of Chinese buildings.

For terms apply to

TRAUTMANN & Co.
11fe-66 576 Shanghai, 2nd June, 1864.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are authorized to grant Policies against Fire on Buildings or their Contents to the extent of £20,000 at this Port, Hankow, Kiukiang and Tientsin, also on approved Chinese Buildings to the extent of £5,000.

DOW & Co.
31de 325 Shanghai, 5th Oct., 1864.

INSURANCES.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.
LONDON.
Established in 1710.

Managers:
CHARLES RICHARD POLE, Esq.,
Chairman & Treasurer.

The Right Hon. W. BERESFORD, M.P.
The Hon. P. P. BOUVERIE, M.P.
HARRY CHESTER, Esq.
S. P. COCKERELL, Esq.
RAIKES CURRIE, Esq.
RUSSELL ELLICE, Esq.
HARVIE MORTON FARQUHAR, Esq.
Capt. H. G. HAMILTON.
JOSEPH HOARE, Esq.
SIR J. W. HOGG, Bart.
FELIX LADBROKE, Esq.
H. F. SHAW LEFEVRE, Esq.
HENRY LITTLEDALE, Esq.
CHARLES R. LITTLEDALE, Esq.
FREDERICK H. NORMAN, Esq.
EDWARD HOWLET PALMER, Esq.
BRICE PEARSE, Esq.
LAMBERT POLE, Esq.
SIR HENRY RICH, Bart.
OSWALD AUGUSTUS SMITH, Esq.
HENRY R. TOMKINSON, Esq.
SIDNEY J. FLETCHER, Esq., *Secretary.*

THE MANAGERS of the SUN FIRE OFFICE LONDON, beg leave to inform the British and Foreign Residents at Shanghai that they have constituted and appointed the undersigned as their Attorneys, to issue POLICIES OF INSURANCE against FIRE on BUILDINGS, GOODS, MERCHANDIZE, and other property, at those places.

Full particulars of RATES, &c., may be obtained on application to

LINDSAY & Co.
tf 108 Shanghai, January 1st, 1863.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL.

CAPITAL—TWO MILLIONS STERLING
INCOME—THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS PER ANNUM.

TRUSTEES:
JOHN SHAW LEIGH, Esq. | JOHN NAYLOR, Esq.
CHARLES TURNER, Esq., *Chairman.*
RALPH BROCKLEBANK, Esq., *Deputy Chairman.*

THE Company is now prepared to grant Policies to the extent of £15,000 on any one Building of European construction or its contents, and to accept Chinese risks to the extent of £8,000 in any locality within the Settlement.

Premiums are payable in drafts at 30 days sight (favor of PERCY M. DOVE, Esq.)

BOWER, HANBURY & Co.,
Agents for Shanghai.
tf 295 Shanghai, 21st Nov., 1863.

NETHERLANDS INDIAN MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the Company in China, are prepared to grant Insurance on ORDINARY MARINE RISKS to Europe, United States, India, the Straits, Java, or the Colonies, at the Rates of Premium current with the Local Offices. *Policies payable* in London, Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, and Batavia.

TURNER & Co.
tf Shanghai, 13th February, 1857.

China Fire Insurance Company.

Subscribed Capital Tls. 2,000,000
In 400 Shares, of Taels 5,000 each.
Paid up Capital Taels 200,000.

DIRECTORS.
GEORGE TYSON, Esq., (Messrs. Russell & Co.) *Chairman.*
H. H. WIGGINS, Esq., *Manager Commercial Bank Corporation of India and the East.*
F. PORTER, Esq., (Messrs. Gibb Livingston & Co.)
J. THORNE, Esq. (Messrs. Thorne Bros. & Co.)
R. R. TYERS, Esq., (Messrs. Olyphant & Co.)
A. J. HOW, Esq., (Messrs. Johnson & Co.)

AGENCIES are established at the several Ports in China and Japan.

L. JOSEPHS,—*Secretary*
tf 326 Shanghai, 22nd Aug., 1864.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER AND ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
ESTABLISHED 1809.
CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents at this Port, Kiukiang, and Hankow for the above Company, and are prepared to accept risks against Fire at each place, on the customary conditions.

For further particulars apply to

GILMAN & Co.
tf 417 Shanghai, 23rd April, 1864.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEETH WITHOUT PAIN.
OSTEOEIDON.

PATENT, MARCH 1ST, 1862.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S Invention for supplying Artificial Mineral Teeth, with soft flexible gums, entirely dispensing with the use of springs, wires, or metallic fastenings, and especially adapted for those long resident in warm climates.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
THE OLD ESTABLISHED
DENTISTS.
Diploma 1815.

27, Harley Street, Cavendish Square, and 4 doors from the Railway Bridge, Ludgate Hill, London;
Liverpool: 134, Duke Street.
Birmingham: 65, New Street.

Parties at the extremity of the globe, by forwarding particulars as to the condition of their mouths, with an enclosure of One Guinea, will receive by return that which will enable them to take an impression of the mouth, so as to enable Messrs. G. to forward either a partial or complete set of Teeth.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED ODONTALGIQUE, for restoring and preserving the Teeth, 10s. 6d. and 21s. per bottle. Patent White Enamel for stopping Front Teeth, warranted never to change colour, 5s. and 10s. 6d. per packet; and the Gutta Percha 1s. 6d. per box.

GABRIEL'S Practical Treatise on the Teeth, which explains the numerous advantages obtainable by their patented method, may be had of their Agents, or will be furnished direct on receipt of Twelve Stamps.

13my-66 599 May 13th, 1865.

GAN'S,
11 Rue Tronchet, Paris,
Summer Boots & Shoes.

THE Undersigned have just opened a large assortment of the above.

Also,
Another Stock of Patent Air-chamber Helmets and Hats, of the *latest styles*, weighing from 4 oz.

WM. DATO & Co.
o 600 Shanghai, May 11th, 1865.

CHARTERED
MERCANTILE BANK
OF INDIA, LONDON AND CHINA.
SHANGHAE BRANCH.

THE Bank grants Drafts on the London Joint Stock Bank, and on the Head Office in London and its Branches at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Galle, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Mauritius, and Yokohama.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS (withdrawable by cheques) kept, on which no commission is charged nor interest allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at interest.

LOCAL BILLS discounted and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

NOTES in Shanghai Currency payable to Bearer on demand (Tls. 5, Tls. 10, Tls. 50, Tls. 100, &c., each) issued.

Office Hours 10 to 3.
Saturdays 10 to 1
Yew-lee,
tf 562 *Hangchow Road*

Miscellaneous Intelligence.

NOTICE.—HOLY MASS is held in the Roman Catholic Chapel near the French Consulate, every Sunday at 8 and 10 o'clock in the morning, and BENEDICTION at 4 o'clock in the evening.

NOTICE.—TRINITY CHURCH.—DIVINE SERVICE is celebrated every Sunday at 11 A.M. and 9 P.M. Special Service for Garrison at 9 A.M. Holy Communion is administered on the first Sunday of every month.

Persons not holding Pews are at liberty to occupy any seats they may find vacant when the reading of "The Psalms" is finished.

NOTICE.—DIVINE SERVICE is held at the Union Chapel (Shantung Road) every Sunday Morning at 11 o'clock, and in the Evening at 6 o'clock, also on Thursday Evening at 6 o'clock.

NOTICE.—DIVINE SERVICE is held every Sunday Morning at 11.30 o'clock, and Evening at 7.30 o'clock, in the American Episcopal Chapel, Hong-que.

LATEST DATES.

England,	April 5	Hankow,	May 7
Hongkong,	May 6	Nanzsaki,	May 6
Tientsin,	May 6	Kanagawa,	April 29

Latest dates in England, from China,—
Hongkong, Jan. 31 | Received via Marseilles
Shanghai, " 25 | March, 15th.

OPIUM QUOTATIONS.

For the week ending May 12th, 1865.

Malwa		Patna	
New Tls.	Old Tls.	New Tls.	Old Tls.
6,—	510		335
8,—509 a 510	505 a 510		327 a 335	350 a 355
9,—	505		327 a 335	355
10,—	505		330	350
11,—	505		325	350
12,—	505		320 a 325	350 a 355

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED.—May 12, *Hesper*, (H.M.S.) Boyer, from Yokohama; *Kiangse*, (Am. str.) Gray, from Ningpo; *Hsai-Yuma*, (Br. str.) McQueen, from Hankow; *Cadiz*, (Br. sh.) Browne, from Hongkong; *Mersenid*, (Br. bqe.) Gibson, from Ningpo; *Jessie Douglas*, (Br. sh.) Donaldson, from Calcutta via Ningpo; *Paguag*, (Am. str.) Blanchard, from Hankow.

DEPARTED.—May 12, *Veritas*, (Br. sh.) Carey, for New York; *Latta Rookh*, (Br. sh.) Campbell, for Liverpool; *Kaiyo*, (Br. bqe.) Black, for Newchwang; *Ying-tsze-fei*, (Br. str.) Stocks, for Tientsin via Chefoo; *Kiangse*, (Am. str.) Gray, for Ningpo; *Moyune*, (Am. str.) Barton, for Hankow & Ports; *Shanse*, (Am. str.) Perkins, for Hankow & Ports.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED—Per Messageries Imperiales Str. *Labourdonnais* from Hongkong, Messrs. Cutti, Mouat, Chaman, Amouche, Mellon, Theric, and Mrs. Andreas. Per *Ying-tsze-fei*, from Tientsin, Mr. Mayor, Mr. Wetmore. Per S. S. *Ganges*, from Hongkong, Messrs. Metford, Chomley, Hollingsworth, Mourilyan, Lalaca, Riemers, Sharat, Kelly, McLean, Robison, and Mrs. Schmith. Per steamer *Moyne*, from Hongkong, Mr. Price and 40 Chinese. Per *Nanzing*, from Tientsin, Messrs. Lushnikoff and Story. Per str. *Cadiz*, from Hongkong, Capt. Gerard, Dr. Vidder, Asst. Surgeon Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Jackson, Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Hume, Mrs. O'Neill and child, Messrs. Scare, Grange, Woodward, McSymon, Flemming, Rignell, Marchbanks, Penkett, Miller, Safe, Stevenson, Paterson, Milsome, Gibson, Rosenthal, Seamen, Marsden, and Sicker.

THE London Mail of the 10th April, due in Hongkong on the 24th May, and here on the 29th.—It arrived last year on the 4th June, per *Azof*.

ONE of the P. & O. Co.'s steamers, with Mails, &c., for Europe, is appointed to leave on Tuesday, the 23rd instant.

The North-China Herald.

IMPARTIAL, NOT NEUTRAL.

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1865.

OUR correspondent who signs himself A RESIDENT, is severe on the medical practitioners of Shanghai. If it be true that there are thirty seven physicians in the settlement, we can only condole with our fellow-settlers on the amount of disease which affords the means of subsistence to so many who live by our ills and illnesses. Out of so large a number, there must necessarily be both good, bad and indifferent, although we are far from endorsing A RESIDENT'S insinuation that one half belong to the latter two classes. It is only in such a case as that to which our correspondent refers, that the laity are justified in questioning or discussing the decisions of that select few who hold in their hands the issues of life and death. But when an investigation is made public, the public acquire the right to judge by their own lights, whether acquired or intuitive. Common sense indeed supplies many grounds for animadversion on the testimony of the doctors in the Esplin poisoning case. The looseness of the certificate, and the remarkable difference between the oral and the written testimony, are in themselves sufficient to excite surprise and indignation. It is incomprehensible that three qualified practitioners should make a *superficial* examination in a case where interests so important were pending, and it is equally extraordinary that they should have failed to notice in their certificate the facts to which they subsequently swore. It is notorious that scientific men are in England occasionally badgered into contradictory statements by rattle-brained lawyers, but no such excuse existed in the case under discussion. We are therefore compelled to accept the confession contained in the certificate, that the enquiry into the cause of Esplin's death was after all merely superficial. As to the practice of the gentleman who believed that the patient might have lived for four or five hours, and who yet could do nothing even *to try* to save his life, we are content to be silent. Different tribunals would no doubt judge differently in the matter, but by the test of common sense, there can be only one result obtained. We must congratulate ourselves on the fact that few cases calling for accurate post-mortem examination occur in Shanghai, else we should probably find that the profession here would add little by its scientific brilliance to the reputation of the model settlement.

THE report drawn up by the French Municipal Council of their proceedings during the past and their projects for the ensuing year, sets the position of affairs lucidly before the Land Renters. Thanks to the sum of Tls. 33,260 yielded by the tax on gambling-houses, their financial position is most flourishing, the balance in hand at the end of the year having been Tls. 8,000, out of a total revenue of Tls. 103,000. Nearly the half of this large sum is derived from taxes which have either never been recognised in the English concession, or were voluntarily abandoned by the Land Renters at their last meeting; while only Tls. 35,000 were derived from the house and land tax which figures so prominently in the English budget. Opium-houses, brothels, sampans and gambling-houses alone yielded Tls. 48,000, and the proceeds of taxes on various shops contributed Tls. 3,300 more. The expenditure is classified so differently from our own that it is difficult to compare the items. The salaries of the Secretariat at Tls. 5,948 and of the Police at Tls. 25,063, however, attract attention by the inferiority in amount to those paid by ourselves. Passing to the estimates for the ensuing year, we find an anticipated income of Tls. 111,500 to meet an expenditure of Tls. 110,500; and this time the Gambling-houses are assessed at Tls. 43,500, while the Chinese house tax is only to produce Tls. 19,000, and that on foreign houses Tls. 750. No less than Tls. 7,000 are anticipated from the boat-tax which the English Council so generously abandoned, and Tls. 4,500 for that impost on brothels which the Taotai has objected to sanction. It is satisfactory, however, to find that the Consul General has objected, however gently, against the utter disregard of the Chinese authorities shown by persistance in the levy of the tax on gambling-houses, after the emphatic protest of the Taotai. M. de Montmorand has, it will be seen, requested the Council to consider how they can replace this tax by some less objectionable impost. But these gentlemen hold that the creation of any new taxes was impossible; that the existing revenue was barely sufficient to meet the engagements which had been undertaken, and consequently begged the Consul General to defer the question until it could be laid before a meeting of the Land Renters on the Concession. This was agreed to, and it remains to be seen whether the Consul General will insist on the illegality of thus running counter to the wishes of the Chinese, with sufficient emphasis to induce the abandonment of the impost. That he will meet with strong opposition cannot be doubted, for without the Tls. 43,000 anticipated from this source, the budget would be completely upset, and the abandonment of many contemplated works become inevitable. The scheme for the advancement of the bund to low water mark, which is now rapidly approaching completion, is also fully explained. The total cost of this work is to be Tls. 37,340, of which Tls. 22,340 are allotted to the construction of the necessary bunding, and Tls. 14,500 to raising the mud-bank to the necessary level. The latter measure is by far the more simple of the two, and we fear that a recurrence of the disaster which has already happened to a portion of the new work is not improbable. The sinuosities which were noticeable shortly after its commencement, have lately become still more apparent, and suggest the fear we express lest it should prove too weak to support the immense pressure which is being gradually brought against it. A floating jetty has been constructed near the northern end of the bund at a cost of Tls. 2,000, and it is purposed to erect a similar one at a similar cost, near the Pagoda bridge. Greater improvements, however, are contemplated if the Land Renters agree to the sale of the twenty *mow* of land which will be reclaimed by the advancement of the bund line; amongst these the construction of two floating piers at a cost of Tls. 15,000 are the most prominent. It is also suggested that Tls. 10,000 from the proceeds of such sale should be appropriated to the building of a chapel at, and the embellishment of the new cemetery.

BEFORE the extinction of the Taeping rebellion in the central provinces, we predicted that should Nanking ever be captured, the Chinese authorities would take the opportunity of asserting their independence of foreign influence, and would manifest that independence without any regard to the obligations which had been heaped upon them by the western powers. It was but natural that such should be anticipated, for the history of our relations with all oriental nations, and especially with the Chinese, has ever been a history of alternate friendship and hostility—friendship so long as any gain was likely to accrue from our alliance, and open or disguised hostility so soon as our aid appeared useless, or our power despicable. Since the fall of the southern capital, the death of the rival Emperor, and the dispersion of the insurgent army, we have had on many occasions to notice the arbitrary manner in which the Chinese have treated claims made by foreigners, and the tone of discourtesy which has marked their communications with the foreign authorities. To these it is unnecessary to allude further than to remind our readers that in many quarters a return to the old exclusive policy has been attempted, and that in others, while the provisions of the Treaty have been literally fulfilled, the spirit which ought to regulate the intercourse between the two nations has been lost sight of. The difficulties thrown in the way of the purchase of land at Soochow, the prohibition of steam transit in the interior, the absolute refusal to grant facilities for the construction of railroads, are all fresh in our recollections. Nor is such a course of action confined to this province, or exclusively pursued by Le Futai and his councillors. Of this the foreign residents at Kinkiang have lately had a notable instance in the imprisonment of a man on the charge of selling land within the city to a foreigner. The absurdity of the proceeding lies in the fact that this land was sold more than two years ago when the rebellion was at its height, and it was then registered without objection or remark at the Hsien's yamên. It is doubtless perfectly competent for any advocate on the Chinese side to say that the Treaty does not provide for the purchase of land outside the limits of the concessions. But the fact remains unaffected that the favourable conclusions drawn by many from the action of the native authorities while under the influence of deadly fright, were perfectly baseless, and held good for so long only as the immediate cause for compliance with foreign demands pressed heavily on the mandarins. To mark the intensity of the crime of which the seller of the land in question had been guilty, the treatment to which he was subjected was so severe that he died within three days after his arrest. Not satisfied, however, with the vengeance they had taken, the officials as soon as their first victim escaped from their clutches, seized the go-between who had negociated the sale. Fortunately for him he was in some way connected with an English mercantile house, and the English Consul accordingly demanded his immediate liberation or trial. It is most important to observe that not the slightest attempt was made to keep secret or even to disguise the real charge against these men. They were openly accused of selling land to foreigners, and as openly punished for the crime. The consequence will, of course, be that until the question is settled definitely one way or another, no Chinaman will run the risk of imprisonment and death, and no land will be at the disposal of foreigners. Progressionists are ever anxious to claim the most unimportant incidents as confirmatory of their hopes, but in China such hopes have hitherto proved illusory. We can count on nothing that has not been wrung from the grasp of the government, and upon even that we can rely only so long as we remain in a position to resent the slightest infringement of our stipulated rights. Of one thing we may be sure—that no uncovenanted privileges will be granted to foreigners while the political aspect of the country appears to promise a continuance of tranquillity, but that so soon as a rebellion assumes a threatening proportion the authorities will be ready to throw themselves at the feet of any needy adventurer whose principles and whose bowie knife are alike at the disposal of the highest bidder.

SUMMARY OF THE WEEK.

SINCE the date of our last Summary the weather has been changeable, heavy rain having fallen towards the close of the week. The Shanghai Volunteer amateurs gave a performance at the Lyceum theatre on Monday evening, on which occasion the pieces, *The Bachelor of Arts* and *The two Bonnycastles* were put upon the stage. The acting throughout was excellent, and a large audience was present. Since our last issue M. and Mdme. Simonsen have appeared twice in public, and although they did not draw very large houses, they were warmly applauded by all who listened to the spirit-stirring sounds of M. Simonsen's violin, and the melting tones of Mdme. Simonsen's voice.

The causes tried before H. B. M. Consul during the week have been few and unimportant. We, however, publish reports in another column together with the judgment which has been delivered in the case of SMITH PRESTON & Co. *versus* MAITLAND BUSH & Co., of which we gave a report in our last issue. A special meeting of members of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps was held on Wednesday last, when Sir Harry Parkes was unanimously elected to the office of commandant, rendered vacant by the resignation of Mr. Antrobus. We publish a full report elsewhere. Another attempt has been made by rowdies to carry off a steamer from the river, which fortunately proved unsuccessful. Twenty men boarded the steamer *Hyson* yesterday about 3 P.M. and cast her off from her moorings; but they were unable to get up steam, owing to the absence of an important portion of the machinery. They then abandoned her, with the exception of the leader of the gang, who was captured, and now lies in the English Consular gaol. We are not yet in possession of the details of the circumstance; but will give them in Monday's *Daily News*.

FROM KIUKIANG we learn that considerable annoyance has been occasioned by the presence in the neighbourhood of a large number of braves, who committed acts of violence on several persons who came within range of their projectiles. The native authorities appear to be powerless in the matter, and the English Consul does not feel justified in taking upon himself the responsibility of calling on the gun-boat to enforce order.

Our HANKOW correspondent informs us that a force of eight thousand of the Imperialists who have made themselves so notorious in the neighbourhood of that port and Kiukiang, entirely ignored the authority of their commanders when at Kinkow *en route* for Hankow, and, having looted the former town, declared their intention of marching on Hankow forthwith. Finding, however, H. B. M. S. *Hardy* and a French gun-boat in the river, awaiting their arrival, they changed their minds, marched into the interior towards the black tea districts of Anhuei, when they practically raised the standard of rebellion by murdering a Chihlien, and giving up the district to plunder.

Our latest advices from NANKING are to the effect that the inhabitants suffer much from want of the common necessaries of life, and that native trade is excessively dull.

The French mail steamer *Labourdonnais* arrived in the river on the 7th instant, bringing dates from England to the 17th March and telegraphic intelligence to the 4th ultimo. The English mail of March 26th arrived per steamer *Cadiz* on the 12th instant, with telegrams to the 5th of April.

SHANGHAI VOLUNTEER CORPS.

A FULL meeting of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps assembled at the Main Guard on Wednesday last, for the purpose of electing a commandant, a lieutenant and an ensign, and dispatching other general business.

Captain MACLEAN, having been called to the chair, briefly explained the object of the meeting, when

Mr. GOULD nominated Sir Harry Parkes to fill the vacant post of commandant of the corps.

Mr. GROOM seconded the nomination, which was put to the meeting and carried with only one dissentient voice.

The CHAIRMAN, in calling on the meeting to proceed to the next measure of electing a lieutenant to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Kahn's retirement, thought he might be allowed to express an opinion that Mr. Dent, as the senior ensign, ought to be made lieutenant.

Mr. DENT had not time to attend the parades, and must therefore beg to decline the post, and resign that which he now held.

The CHAIRMAN observed that, being no longer in command, he could not accept the tender of Mr. Dent's resignation; and he regretted that a more fitting time had not been chosen for tendering it.

Mr. GOULD thought it was very desirable that Mr. Dent should remain an active member of the corps, and hoped he would withdraw his resignation.

Mr. DENT must adduce another reason and insist on resigning; he was going home in a few months and his election would therefore only cause another vacancy.

The CHAIRMAN supposed that under those circumstances he was justified in accepting the resignation.

The following gentlemen were then proposed for the vacant lieutenancy, and obtained the number of votes exhibited.

Mr. St. Croix, proposed by Mr. Dow and seconded by Mr. Rothwell	30
Mr. Merry, proposed by Mr. Groom and seconded by Mr. Inglis	17
Mr. Breuell, proposed by Mr. Kidner and seconded by Mr. Maitland	16
Mr. Mytburgh	5

The CHAIRMAN therefore declared Mr. St. Croix duly elected, and requested the meeting to proceed to the election of two ensigns; the resignation of Mr. Dent having caused a second vacancy. The following gentlemen were proposed.

Mr. Merry, proposed by Mr. Gould, seconded by Mr. St. Croix	50
Mr. Breuell, proposed by Mr. Whitlow, seconded by Mr. Groom	49
Mr. Fellowes, proposed by Mr. O'Brien, seconded by Mr. Gould	6
Mr. Maitland, proposed by Mr. Kidner	17
Mr. Sutherland, proposed by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Gribble	11

Messrs. Merry and Breuell were therefore declared elected.

The CHAIRMAN regretted to have to lay before the meeting the resignation of Mr. Lawrance, who had for so long a time conducted the duties of honorary secretary. How successfully he had done so all were aware, and the thanks of the corps were due to him for the trouble he had taken.

Mr. LAWRANCE might mention that he had asked Mr. Merry whether he would accept the post and that gentleman had replied in the affirmative. He therefore proposed that Mr. Merry be confirmed in the appointment. Carried unanimously.

The CHAIRMAN proposed a vote of thanks to Mr. Lawrance for the able manner in which he discharged the troublesome duties of his office. Carried with loud applause.

The CHAIRMAN would like to hear any observations the adjutant might have to make in reference to the change which had been made from short to long rifle drill.

Lieutenant GOULD said the large attendance that afternoon afforded good opportunity of explaining the reasons which prompted the alteration alluded to. He would first, however, wish to correct Captain Maclean's statement—that the change had been made by himself. He (Lieut. G.) had only mainly recommended the adoption of the present drill, but the alteration took place by order of the commandant, and with the concurrence of the officers and most of the non-commissioned officers of the rifle corps. It was well known that there were two descriptions of rifle in use by the infantry of the British army; with a distinct drill for each. Regiments armed with the long Enfield were accustomed to the long rifle drill, whilst those armed with the short Enfield adopted the short rifle drill. The rifle companies of the Shanghai Volunteers were armed with the long Enfield, and it therefore seemed expedient that the rifle drill should be based on a system devised for the particular weapon with which they were equipped. He believed that the Volunteers in Great Britain, notwithstanding that the long rifle had been served out to them, continued the drill especially adapted for the shorter weapon. A reason might be assigned for this, namely, the fact that it is intended to arm the whole of the volunteer soldiery with the small Enfield at an early date. In his opinion the long rifle was to be preferred to the short on other grounds. A moderate efficiency in the former could be attained, even in the short time that all here could bestow upon volunteer duty; whilst efficiency in the shorter arm required, even in the case of troops having small Enfields, more constant drill and attention. The short rifle drill, too, with volunteers, especially at Shanghai, was calculated to produce a more slovenly appearance than the simple exercise specially adapted to the weapon in use. He thought therefore that the change would meet with general favor. Members who were volunteers in England complained that on their return home, they would have to re-learn the short drill; but to this it might be replied, that in the case of any volunteer thoroughly acquainted with either drill, the handling of his weapon according to the description of rifle exercise in vogue with the corps he might hereafter join, would require at most but a couple of hours practice. The officers wished the matter to be decided by the corps; he (Lieut. G.) had stated the reasons which actuated the commandant in approving of the change, but if the former drill were preferred, the officers would at once give expression to the wishes of the members at large.

The CHAIRMAN (in reply to some remarks by a volunteer) said he was aware that the change

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had been demurred to by some, and he had brought forward the subject on that occasion, in order to enable dissentients to express their opinions, and to elicit the feeling of the volunteers.

Mr. MILSOM then proposed,

"That the long rifle drill be accepted by the Volunteers."

Mr. WHITLOW seconded the proposition, which was carried with only five dissentients.

Mr. GROOM said that difficulty had been found in reference to the uniform of the corps. At present, most members had a summer and a winter suit. He thought it would be better to keep to one, and as the summer uniform was undoubtedly the best looking, would propose,

"That the summer uniform should be worn generally by the corps."

Mr. GOULD, in seconding the proposal, remarked that it would be the care of the Committee of officers to go fully into the question of uniform.

Mr. MAN thought it an advantage that Rangers and Infantry should be clothed alike; and the summer uniform of the latter greatly resembled that of the former.

Mr. MILSOM remarked that there was a quantity of grey cloth on hand, the throwing aside of which would involve a loss to the corps. He would therefore propose as an amendment,

"That the question of uniform should be left aside until the Committee of officers had presented their report."

This was carried by a large majority and the original resolution was therefore lost.

The CHAIRMAN regretted to have to inform the meeting that the attempt to form a Hongkew company had been abandoned. He hoped, however, that any gentlemen who might have contemplated joining it, would now enrol themselves in one of the existing companies. He might add that he had had some correspondence with M. Giquel about the revival of the Custom House corps, and he hoped a strong body would be enrolled. There was a lack of arms to place in their hands, and although there were no doubt a number of muskets in the settlement, the funds of the corps would not admit of their acquisition. He was happy to say, therefore, that M. Giquel intended applying to the Taotai for a grant of money to enable him to arm the Custom House Company.

Mr. MAN thought the feeling of the Custom House men was in favour of an artillery corps. They could never all get away together, and would therefore make a poor show alongside one of the existing companies; whereas amply sufficient could always muster to work two or three guns respectably.

The CHAIRMAN thought one objection to this scheme was on the score of the expense of purchasing the guns, and another, that there was a number of other gentlemen in the settlement who were keeping aloof from the Volunteers until an artillery corps was formed, with a view of joining such a corps. It was impossible that all could be artillery-men.

Mr. GOULD having made a suggestion in reference to the appointment of a committee of non-commissioned officers and men to deliberate on matters connected with the corps, several volunteers expressed their approval of the project, remarking that it was almost universally the custom at home.

The CHAIRMAN then called attention to the kind proposition which had been made by Col. Young, that the Volunteers should attend the parades of the 67th regiment on Mondays and Thursdays. It was an excellent opportunity for them to improve their knowledge of drill; and he hoped they would muster largely. There was one other point to which he must call their attention, namely the departure of the Rhenish band, but he was happy to say that the leader of the police band had called on him and offered the services of that body. He (the Chairman) had accepted the offer, feeling sure that all would agree in doing so; and had given the necessary order for uniforms to be supplied to the members.

Mr. BREUELL then proposed and Mr. LAWRANCE seconded,

"That a letter be sent to the band, through Mr. Penfold, thanking them for their offer."

The CHAIRMAN would like to hear an expression of opinion from the meeting in regard to the proposal which had been mooted, for the formation of a Volunteer Club. It appeared a most desirable measure for the interests of the Corps.

Lieutenant GOULD said that the officers appointed to draw up a second report on the requirements of the corps would be assisted in one point, if the meeting would express an opinion as regarded this scheme. It was not a question for the officers, or, indeed, any one section of the corps, could decide; and it seemed desirable that the inclinations of the members should be ascertained without loss of time; in order either that steps might be taken to draw up a prospectus, or that the project might be dropped altogether.

Mr. GROOM thought it would be a most desirable plan to keep the volunteers together. There were difficulties in the way of expense; but with the aid of the corps, these might be got over. It would be satisfactory if the meeting would express an opinion either in favour of, or in opposition to the project.

Mr. MAITLAND thought it would be well to lay a circular sketching the scheme, before the members, before calling on them to express an opinion.

Mr GROOM only asked that the members by a show of hands would express an opinion either for or against a Club.

A show of hands was given almost unanimously in favour of the project.

Mr. MARKHAM then proposed a hearty vote of thanks to the Chairman, and the meeting separated.

THE LATE INQUEST ON BOARD THE "OCEAN GEM."

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA HERALD."

SIR,—Many strange cases with very queer evidence and cross swearing have occurred in H. B. M.'s Consular Court within the last two or three years in Shanghai; but I think you will find that one of the most curious "*enquiries*" that ever appeared in a paper, is that given in the *Recorder* of May 4th. Three M.D.s append their names to a certificate in which they solemnly declare that, after "a superficial examination no narcotic was found in the stomach." What are we coming to? when in cases of life and death, we find *three* M.D.s seriously telling us, that their examination of the body, and especially of the contents of the stomach was so essentially *superficial*, that neither of them had any idea what the man died of!

In their certificate they state that "on opening the skull the dura mater was healthy, pia mater congested, arachnoid slightly opaque—*no other unhealthy appearance to be found in the substance of the brain.*" M.D.s have never been famous in witness boxes, and here we find one of these, after signing the certificate, stating upon his oath, "*There was congestion of the brain*, which we expect to find in a person who has died from a narcotic poison." The certificate also tells us that "all the thoracic and abdominal organs were examined, and all the organs were *normal*, except the kidneys and mucous membrane of the small intestine; but when upon oath, past says that "there were two or three small patches of congestion in the stomach," and another swears that *there was congestion of the lungs*, which post mortem appearances would not produce;" and that "the state of the body was unhealthy." A third M.D. tells us that he felt his pulse and found that he was dying, and said to the second mate that he had been poisoned with laudanum, and that he went and told the two captains "and they treated it as a joke;"—excellent specimens of Captains verily, when told by a physician that their chief officer was poisoned to make a joke of it.

One of the most extraordinary incidents connected with this singular case, however, is, that the medical man in attendance swears that he saw the patient dying of what he believed opium poisoning, at past 6 A.M., but "thought he might live till 12 or 1 o'clock. I thought," he says, "of the stomach pump, but on second consideration concluded that it was useless."

The proverb says, that a certain place hotter than a Shanghai summer is full of good intentions, and certainly here the doctor gave the patient the benefit of the will for the deed with a vengeance.

Fancy a medical man finding a patien as he believes dangerously under the influence of opium, and believing that he might survive 6 or 7 hours more—and *yet do nothing* for him either with stomach pump, emetics, or strong efforts to arouse him. The doctor says, "I think that a man may be beyond all hope at half-past six, and still live till twelve or one"! "I expected that the man might live for four or five hours, *but I could not do anything during the interval to try and save his life*"! Is the doctor a fatalist? Does he believe in means? He seems to have thought that the man's time was come on that day between the hours of half-past six A.M., and one o'clock P.M., and the learned doctor was right, for it really was so.

But enough of this burlesque case, except that one M.D. swears that the certificate *which he signed was neither "full nor correct,"* and that they all thought he died from the effects of laudanum, but they could not say *why* they thought so. Is it so terribly difficult then to distinguish Tincture of Rhubarb from Tincture of opium? I happen to know that there is more than one M.D. in Shanghai who would lay down his diploma rather than have it insinuated, even, that he could not detect the cause of death in such a case as this. If the certificates and oaths of M. Ds. are usually so antagonistic, it might not be disadvantageous for the human race, if half of the thirty-seven practitioners now said to be in Shanghai, were to retire on their means from "active practice," and leave a more enlightened and *careful* class to reign in their stead.

I am, Yours
A RESIDENT.

EXTRACTS FROM THE REPORT OF THE FRENCH MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Dans le dernier compte rendu, votre Conseil, Messieurs, vous disait que lorsque le moment paraîtrait favorable il devrait urger la clôture le qui jusqu'à la limite de marées basses. Cette proposition ayant eu alors l'approbation de l'Assemblée des propriétaires, votre Conseil a dû rechercher les moyens d'arriver à l'exécution de ce travail le plus promptement possible, le besoin s'en faisant sentir chaque jour d'avantage. Ses ressources ne lui permettaient pas d'entreprendre des travaux aussi considérables s'il avait fallu faire supporter l'avance des frais sur un seul exercice, aussi a-t-il cherché une combinaison par laquelle il pouvait obtenir par anticipation la Concession d'une amélioration aussi importante et il s'est entendu avec Mr. Freeman dans les conditions suivantes: Le prix total est vingt-deux mille huit cent quarante Taels, (22,840), payable un tiers à l'achèvement des travaux, un tiers un an après, et le troisième tiers deux ans après que le tout aura été terminé. Ce troisième tiers portera intérêt à raison de 9 pour cent, pour la deuxième année seulement. Le plan ci-annexé peut donner un aperçu des avantages qu'offrira cette amélioration. Le conseil voulant accélérer le plus possible le rembai des quais afin de le compléter avant les chaleurs, s'est entendu avec trois entrepreneurs qui se sont engagés à combler le vide pour le 31 Mai prochain. L'évaluation de ce travail est de quatorze mille cinq cent taels (14,500), ce qui donnera pour l'achèvement des quais une dépense totale de trente-sept mille trois cent quarante Taels (37,340) que le conseil pense est certainement considérable, mais en vue du produit de la vente des terrains à céder aux propriétaires riverains, votre conseil n'a pas hésité à en décider la construction. Il reste à établir la valeur des 29 mous de terrain disponible, question que nous laissons à votre appréciation. Pour faciliter les débarquements sur le nouveau quai, votre conseil a conclu deux marchés pour l'établissement de jetées flottantes, l'une aussi rapprochée du Yang-king-pang, que du pont de pierre de la Pagode. Ce système de jetées paraît offrir plus d'avantage que celui adopté jusqu'ici pour ce qui concerne les accumulations de vases. Votre Conseil pense qu'il serait avantageux d'établir deux grands débarcadères flottants, où des navires de tout tonnage pourraient débarquer à quai, l'un en face de la rue du Consulat, et l'autre au bout de la rue Colbert. Ces débarcadères pourraient être la source de revenu pour la Concession, et déjà des ouvertures dans ce sens ont été faites au conseil par la compagnie des Messageries Impériales.

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Nous avons à vous soumettre, Messieurs, une question des plus importantes pour l'avenir de notre Concession. Il s'agit de la demande qui nous a été faite par Monsieur le Consul Général de France au sujet des maisons de jeux, d'étudier le moyen de remplacer ce revenu par un autre impôt. Après avoir examiné cette demande, nous avons été obligés de répondre à Monsieur le Consul Général, que la création de nouveaux impots nous paraissait impossible, que du reste les ressources actuelles sont à peine suffisantes pour répondre aux engagements pris, et votre Conseil a conclu en priant Monsieur le Consul Général d'attendre la réunion des propriétaires foncièrs afin que ceux-ci puissent lui venir en aide sur l'idée de la création de nouveaux impôts. Nous sommes heureux que Monsieur le Consul Général ait bien voulu adhérer à nos demandes, et que vous soyez appelés à vous prononcer à ce sujet..

H. B. M. CONSULAR COURT.

Shanghai, May 10th, 1865.

Before SIR HARRY S. PARKES, K.C.B. *H. B. M. Consul.*

R. R. WESTALL, G. COUTTS, } *Assessors.*

JARDINE MATHESON & Co., *versus* DADABHOY & Co.

This was a claim for Tls. 8,161.23 due by defendants to the plaintiffs, and for interest thereon at 12 per cent, from March 1st, 1865, until date of payment.

Mr. LAWRANCE said that the claim was on a compradore's order, but as it had been decided in the Supreme Court of Hongkong that a compradore's order was not sueable upon but was only an admission of a debt due, he had made no mention of it in the plaint.

Defendants admitted the claim and judgment was accordingly entered for the plaintiffs.

Before SIR HARRY S. PARKES, K.C.B. *H. B. M. Consul.*

J. THORNE, J. LOVE JR., SMITH, PRESTON & Co. (London.) } *Assessors.*

versus,

MAITLAND, BUSH & Co. (Newchwang.)

"The following is a copy of the judgment given in the above case:—

This is a claim by Messrs. Smith, Preston & Co., charterers of the *Vanda*, on Messrs. Maitland, Bush & Co., sub-charterers, for Taels 5,052.95, being loss incurred in the working of the said vessel.

The defendants deny their liability to the plaintiffs, on the ground that their agreement for the employment of the vessel was made with Messrs. Maitland, Maclean & Co. of Shanghai, now dissolved, and that they, the defendants, know nothing of Messrs. Smith, Preston & Co. in the matter. The Court dissents from this view of the defendants, as the letters which passed between Messrs. Maitland, Maclean & Co. and Messrs. Maitland, Bush & Co., severally dated the 17th of August and the 15th of September 1863, prove to the satisfaction of the Court that the *Vanda* was chartered and sent out from England on the joint account of these two firms, and the other evidence in the case establishes not only a community but an equality of interest between them in the transaction. As the case proceeded the Court became convinced that the motion of the defendants for a postponement—on the ground that the appearer, Mr. Bush, had no knowledge of the affair—was unnecessary, as the letters named are sufficient to sustain the joint nature of the contract, and both passed through the office of the defendants at their place of business at Newchwang at the time that Mr. Bush was living there and conducting with his partner, Mr. K. R. Maitland, the business of their firm. It is not necessary to point out, however, that had it been otherwise, one partner would have been bound by the act of the other.

It appears that the plaintiffs have divided the loss sustained, and have claimed half, or Taels 2,526.48, from Messrs. Maitland, Bush & Co., and all other half from the estate of Messrs. Maitland, Maclean & Co. It also appears that towards the close of the charter the Plaintiffs interested themselves in procuring employment for the vessel, and received her earnings to the amount, as was stated in Court, of $1,800, equal to Tls. 1,296. Accepting this amount as correctly stated, and as a payment on account of the joint defendants, the original claim is reduced from Tls 5,052.95 to Tls. 3,756.95, and the Court feels debarred under present circumstances from finding in favor of the plaintiffs for more than one half of the latter sum, in consequence of their having claimed equally both from Messrs. Maitland, Maclean & Co. and Messrs. Maitland, Bush & Co., formal notice of which was given by the plaintiffs to the latter, in their letter of the 4th of January 1865.

The Court therefore enters judgment for the plaintiffs to the amount of Tls. 1,878.48. Costs to be divided."

Before SIR HARRY S. PARKES, K. C. B. R. R. WESTALL, G. COUTTS, } *Assessors.*

LOK-YUEN-YIN *versus* E. H. DUUS.

The Plaintiff claimed Tls. 750 with interest to date of judgment, for the rent of certain godowns received by defendant for the use of the plaintiff.

Mr. EAMES in briefly opening the case for the plaintiff remarked that the question was whether or not a surrender of the premises had been made by Lok-yuen-yin, his client.

Mr. JENKINS *said*:—I know a Chinaman named Lok-yuen-yin who once occupied certain property which I leased from Mr. Sassoon, and the lease of which I subsequently sold to Mr. Duus. I am aware that there was some dispute between Mr. Duus and this Chinaman about the property. Some time last year the Chinaman called on me to apply to Mr. Duus, for him, with regard to the premises. I went to Mr. Duus, and the latter acknowledged to owing Lok-yuen-yin some money and promised to pay it as soon as he could. Lok-yuen-yin subsequently asked me to go to Mr. Duus, but I never could see him when I went.

To Mr. LAWRANCE:—The original lease included house, offices and godown. I re-let the godown only to the Chinaman, up to the expiration of the lease. I subsequently transferred my whole interest to Mr. Duus, and he was therefore entitled to receive all the rents.

Mr. EAMES said that when his client vacated the godown temporarily, Mr. Duus made a new lease of it with Mr. Salabelle. This, he considered, he should not have done. (The speaker then quoted Indian authorities in support of his views.) The plaintiff therefore claimed the rent of the godown for the five months he did not occupy it.

Mr. LAWRANCE said that it was at Lok-yuen-yin's request that Mr. Duus found a tenant for the godown, and that the former had no right to make this claim. Mr. Duus had not received the rent from Mr. Salabelle.

LOK-YUEN-YIN said:—I leased a godown from Mr. Jenkins for nearly three years. It is now in Mr. Duus' charge. Mr. Jenkins transferred the premises to Mr. Duus and told me I was to pay him the rent. About the 17th or 18th June Mr. Duus came to me and said that a friend of his wished to lease the godown. I first paid rent to Mr. Jenkins for a year, and then to Mr. Duus. I told Mr. Duus that I would rent the godown to any one who would pay the rent that I paid. Mr. Duus' friend wanted to take it monthly at 125 Taels per month. This I would not agree to. I wanted to rent it for half a year at least. Mr. Duus told me he would pay me five months' rent on the 1st December, and that I was to give up the godown to him.

To the COURT.—I used the godown for a charcoal-shop. Mr. Duus gave me a letter to Messrs. Lindsay & Co., from whom he said I was to get Tls. 500. I left the letter and received no answer to it. I gave the letter to Mr. Antrobus and he having read it laughed, and told me to wait for two or three days. I went about four times for an answer. I saw the compradore give the letter to Mr. Antrobus. Mr. Antrobus gave the letter to a clerk after reading it.

To Mr. LAWRANCE:—I did not ask Mr. Duus to find a tenant for me.

The Court was then adjourned in order that the letter written by Mr. Duus to Lindsay & Co. might be procured if possible.

KIUKIANG.

MINUTES *of a Special Meeting of the Renters of Land in the British Concession Kiukiang, held at H. B. M. Consulate on April 28th 1865, for the purpose of considering "the proposed taxation scheme, extension of the Bund, and Police Station."*

P. J. Hughes, Esq., H. M. Consul, in the Chair.

Present.—Messrs. Hollingworth, Hancock, Styan, Rainbow, Harvey, Hyde, Lovell, Mackintosh and Lenny, representing 20 Renters.

The Minutes of the General Meeting and extracts from the Committee's report having been read, Mr. Rainbow, after a few observations upon the necessity of economy in the expenditure, proposed as a resolution

"That in the opinion of this meeting the present condition of the port does not warrant the outlay recommended by the late Municipal Council. That instead of increasing the expenditure it is desirable to curtail it in every possible way, and with this view the Meeting would recommend the present Council to abandon the scheme of banding in front of Messrs. Heard & Co.'s land."

Mr. Hyde seconded the resolution which, having been put to the Meeting, was carried by 12 to 6.

Mr. Hollingworth observed that several votes had been seconded by Renters who held fractional parts of Lots, and asked the Chairman whether it was not advisable that a minimum voting qualification should be fixed. The Chairman stated that he did not consider it advisable at present to make any alteration in the system of voting, but thought it might be a proper subject for future consideration, or if desired, for reference to H. M. Minister.

After a lengthened discussion upon the subject of the Police Station, Mr. Lovell proposed

"That the committee of Renters be requested to refrain from incurring any expense on account of Police establishment greater than that at present paid."

Mr. Harvey seconded.

Mr. Hollingworth said that the Council did not contemplate increasing the expense of the police establishment; that in the report it had been simply suggested that some permanent arrangement would have to be made, as the present was only temporary; that he believed much of the opposition to this and other parts of the report arose from the alarm caused among the owners of property at this place, who resided in Shanghai, by a misprint in the published report, in which the estimated expenditure had been stated at Tls. 20,040, instead of Tls. 2,040 per annum.

The resolution having been put to the meeting, the votes stood—Ayes, 5
Noes, 14

Majority against, 19

Mr. Lovell stated that he did not mean his resolution to imply any want of confidence in the Council.

Mr. Hyde then proposed.

"That the arrangements regarding a Police Station be left to the discretion of the Municipal Council, with the understanding that the expenses be curtailed as much as possible."

Mr. Rainbow seconded the resolution.

Mr. Mackintosh proposed as an amendment—"That the arrangements for a Police Station be left to the discretion of the Municipal Council, as it is the opinion of the Land Renters that they will incur no needless expenditure."

Mr. Styan seconded.

The amendment having been put to the meeting the votes stood—

For the amendment, 11
For the resolution, 9

Majority for amendment, 2

Mr. Harvey proposed and Mr. Mackintosh seconded the resolution "That in the opinion of this meeting it is undesirable to make any addition to, or alteration in the present mode of taxing the Land Renters."

Mr. Hollingworth remarked that the object of the proposed scheme was to make taxes fall less heavily than they at present did upon the owners of unoccupied lots.

The resolution having been put to the meeting the votes stood—Ayes, 14
Noes, 6

Majority for, 8

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

(Signed) P. G. HUGHES, *Chairman.*

GEO. P. THOMSON, *Secretary.*

THE FOUNDLING HOSPITAL AT SHANGHAI.

(Chinese & Japanese Repository.)

Hoheluu, holding the office of an overseer, unceasingly applied himself to the care of the expenditure, and yearly, in the autumn, in conjunction with a few like-minded friends, he called on the public for assistance, throughout the city and suburbs, and was the leader and foremost in all these efforts. People willingly responded to their call, and fully defrayed the half the necessary expenses. About the 60th year of Kánghi Mr. Wukang died, and thus was lost one of the yearly directors. Deficiencies in wages and food were paid by Hoheluu himself, in order to meet the monthly exigencies. Besides thus providing for wages and food, he constantly visited and attended to the affairs of the institution; and, although his domestic business was pressing, he did not relax in his exertions. The sincerity and excellency of his delight in virtue increased with the lapse of time, and to his effort may be attributed the continuance of the institution. When Kingnan died it was difficult for Hoheluu to manage matters alone, and he called on his friends for assistance. In the fourth year of Yungching, Tachun responded to his call, and, at the same time, the three brothers Chihsang, Kingnan, and Yunan planned together with him to restore the affairs of the institution. These three gentlemen were all nephews of Wukang, and they said that, with regard to the Foundling Hospital, sincere effort was needed, and that they strove not for fame. If yearly eleven children are received, and nineteen die, is this the want of compassion in the directors,? Upon this they carefully examined the yearly regulations. First they renewed the rules of examination, investigated the deficiencies of the children's clothing and food. Next they paid attention to the regulations regarding the physician and apothecary, to see that the infants had aid in time of sickness. As it was important that the state of the wet-nurses should be ascertained, they again brought up the plan of strict investigation, and the giving of a certificate of hire, thus lessening the privations of the children.

Also, with regard to the necessary cautions in the allotment of the children, they revived the practice of casting lots for the nurse, and thus collusion and partiality were avoided. In the eleventh month of this year, Hoheluu resigned the office of overseer, and the two brothers Tsiaukweh, in conjuction with some like-minded friends, divided the works into four periods of three months each. They again kept the register with the most minute correctness, and the accounts were audited with the greatest accuracy, and the reports published monthly. The interior regulations of the establishment were strictly enforced; they were very particular in the discharge or retaining of the wet-nurses; scrupulously careful that those who adopted children should attend to their preservation; and appointed officers to attend to the proper treatment of the dead. Lest the children should be bitten by mosquitoes, Chuansu distributed curtains to them all; and lest they should cry from cold, Tachun gave all additional padded clothes. The regulations having been long neglected, Kingsan and Tachun consulted together, and had them published for general information. The hall being out of repair, Yunan, Tahchun, with the virtuous lady Wukang's widowed daughter-in-law, applied themselves to the restoring and beautifying of it. The regulations were gradually renewed, and order re-established. The superintendents and other officers applied themselves faithfully, and with single-mindedness, to their respective duties; and the lives of the infants were thus preserved.

These were the means by which the institution was enabled to attain to its former condition, and even to surpass its previous prosperity. I, Tsinchin, look upon the Foundling Hospital as a plan similar to the practice in the Chán dynasty, of relieving orphans in the spring and summer seasons; as in the Hán dynasty, the emperor issued an edict to supply, from the public granaries, the wants of those who had children whom they were unable to support; or, as in the Sung dynasty, 500 *mow* of the public grounds were giving for the erection of buildings for the reception and nourishment of castaway children. During the Yuen and Ming dynasties, until the present time, there were no fixed regulations. But when the present emperor ascended the throne, throughout his whole conduct, he showed his reverence for the institutions of the ancient emperors, and, in his pity for orphans, he was even more sedulously compassionate. Shunchi rigorously prohibited the drowning of female infants. The empress dowager gave large contributions of rice to the Foundling Hospitals. Kanghi widely diffused his gracious benevolence, and in his southern progress, specially gave an autograph inscription for the central hall of the Suchau Institution. On his accession to the throne, he gave to the institution of the hospital a golden inscription, intimating that it was a mark of commendation. He also issued an edict, commanding that letters should be transmitted throughout the provinces, requiring the officers to exhort and exalt on the people for subscriptions. His favour to the young pursued the thousand ages of antiquity. By such examples we may see the deep and renovating influences of imperial virtue, and the unlimited extent to which it feeds the charity of the benevolent and the excellent.

The Shú King says, "The end and the beginning are as one, and virtue must be daily renewed."

The Book of Odes says, "Children's children and grandsons' grandsons follow without failure." From these quotations we infer that, to commence such establishments is not easy, but that to maintain them is still more difficult.

In the business of a Foundling Hospital, energy, funds and order are requisite; but one of these, then, are wanting, it cannot be supported. At present, all these worthy gentlemen have attained this end by great energy, have maintained it by sufficient funds, and have carried it out by order. The difficulties which still remain lie in the means of its continuance. Does not the sage say, "The virtuous is never single: he must have associates!" Thus all these worthy gentlemen, having each exerted his energy and used his means and measures to befriend these squalling babes, have been followed in the higher classes by civil and military officers, and in the lower, by the principal inhabitants in the towns and villages. Who did not obey the imperial injunctions for the diffusion of general benevolence, or mutually assist in supplying that which the funds and measures were not sufficient to attain to? An universal answer to a general demand. And an ever-flowing and continuous stream! The children of our town have, in fine, ever received protection by this institution. Whence should so much anxiety exist lest funds should be meagre, and means small? I, Tsinchin, having retired from office on account of my parents' death, with Han Kaulai and Chang Kiendzu, performed the duties of secretaries to the institution. We subsequently published the regulations, with a general statement of the progress of the institution, and appended the names of all its superintendents and officers, in readiness for the examination of the local magistrate.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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AND

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22ap-66 543 22nd April, 1865.

NOTICE.

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23sep 583 March 25th, 1865.

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ELLWOOD'S PATENT AIR-CHAMBER HATS.—CAUTION.—The Patentees having established the validity of their Patent, in an action tried on the 20th and 21st days of June last, in the Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, in which Ellwood and another of No. 24, Great Charlotte Street, Blackfriars-road, in the Borough of Southwark, Wholesale Hat Manufacturers, were Plaintiffs; and Christy and others of No. 35, Gracechurch-street, in the City of London, also Wholesale Hat Manufacturers, were Defendants; and the Court of Common Pleas having, on the 15th day of November instant, refused the Defendants application for a New Trial, with Costs to be paid by the Defendants: We, the undersigned Solicitors for the said Plaintiffs, do hereby give notice to all Manufacturers, Dealers in, and Sellers of Hats, Caps, or Helmets, that we are instructed to proceed by Suit in Chancery against all persons so manufacturing, dealing in, or selling Hats, Caps, or Helmets, constructed on the principle of "ELLWOOD'S PATENT AIR-CHAMBER HATS," unless the previous consent of the Patentees be obtained, at the same time the Plaintiffs reserve to themselves the right of taking proceedings against prior Infringers.

Dated this 17th day of November, 1864.
GRANE, SON, AND FESENMEYER,
23, Bedford-row,
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JOHN ELLWOOD & SONS,
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CAUTION.—No Air-Chamber Hats or Helmets are genuine unless they bear the above stamp, with either Ellwood and Son's, or the seller's name in the shield.
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"WORKS BIRKHOUSE AND BIRMINGHAM,"

With either of their brands, Best Best TC with Crown over; Best Cross Daggers; or G in Circle.

For Prices, Drawings, and general information, apply through any respectable Londonhouse, or to the Manufacturers direct.

61*a*, *MOORGATE STREET, LONDON.*
*** Catalogues forwarded on application.

CAUTION.

Inferior qualities are being sold as Tupper & Co.'s make.
o-n-f 24de 550 December 24th, 1864.

SAUCE.—LEA AND PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

PRONOUNCED
BY
CONNOISSEURS
TO BE THE
ONLY GOOD SAUCE AND APPLICABLE
TO
Every Variety of
DISH.

Extract of a Letter from a medical gentleman at Madras to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851.

"Tell Lea and Perrins that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made.

CAUTION.

LEA AND PERRINS

Beg to caution the public against spurious imitations of their celebrated

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

L. & P. have discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with SPURIOUS IMITATIONS, the labels closely resembling those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances the name of L. and P. *forged*.

L. and P. will proceed against any one who may manufacture or vend such imitations, and have instructed their correspondents in the various parts of the worls, to advise them of any infringement of their rights.

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.

*** Sold Wholesale and for Export, by the Proprietors, Worcester; Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL; Messrs. Barclay and Sons, London; &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.
31de-65 316 Dec. 24 1865.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Established 1814.

SLATE BILLIARD TABLES,

SOLID OR OTHERWISE, TO SUIT ALL CLIMATES BY APPOINTMENT.

MESSRS. THURSTON & CO.,
BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS,

TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, AND H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES,
14, *Catherine Street, Strand, London,*
AND AT SALISBURY WHARF, ADELPHI, W.C.

Cloths of the finest texture. Balls of superior and well-seasoned Ivory turned on the truest Mechanical principles.

Inventors and Manufacturers of
THE CENTRAL REVOLVING LAMP,
Being the best Light ever constructed for Billiard Tables.
THE GAME OF BILLIARDS,
By Edwin Kentfield, of Brighton, London; Published by the Proprietors,

THURSTON & Co.
1au-65 493 Shanghai, 13th Aug., 1864.

AMMUNITION.

Eley's Ammunition

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

For Sporting or Military Purposes

DOUBLE Waterproof Central Fire Caps, Felt Waddings to prevent the leading of Guns, Wire Cartridges for killing Game, &c., at long distances, Breech Loading Cartridge Cases of superior quality for Shot Guns and Rifles, Pin Cartridges for "Lefaucheux" Revolvers of 7, 9, and 12 millimetres.

Jacob's Rifle Shell Tubes, Cartridges and Caps for Colt's.

Deane's, Tranter's, Adams', and other Revolvers.

BALL CARTRIDGE

For Enfield, Whitworth, and Henry's Rifles, also for Westley Richard's, Terry's, Wilson's, Prince's, Deane's, and other Breech Loaders.

Bullets of uniform weight made by compression from soft Refined Lead.

ELEY BROS., Gray's-Inn-Road, London W. C.
[WHOLESALE ONLY.]
1au-65 494 o-n-f 13th Aug., 1864.

OAKEY & SONS'

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH, EMERY, BLACK LEAD, &c.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, BLACK LEAD, GLASS AND EMERY PAPER & GLASS CLOTH.
INDIA-RUBBER KNIFE-BOARDS, &c.
WELLINGTON MILLS,
172, *Blackfriars Road, S., London.*
8jy 560 Jan. 7th, 1865.

A. MARKS and Co.,

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.

YOKOHAMA,
JAPAN.

tf 204 Yokohama, 5th October, 1863.

WHITFIELD & KINGSMILL,
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND ARCHITECTS.
Yew hun.

Orders received for Machinery and Iron work o all descriptions to be executed in England under the superintendence of an Experienced Civil Engineer and Machinist.
18ju-65 454 June 18th, 1864.

HALL & HOLTZ,
SHIP CHANDLERS, STOREKEEPER AND BAKERS,
BREAD AND BISCUITS.
SHANGHAI.

WATSON, CLEAVE & Co.
hemists & Druggists,
NANKIN ROAD, NEAR THE BUND,
SHANGHAI.
大藥房
tf 512 Shanghai, 1st October, 4.86

Wm. DATO and Co.,

GENERAL STORE-KEEPERS, WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
SHANGHAI.
Yang-king-pang, Corner of Rue Montauban.
tf Shanghai, 4th April, 1862.

Edited by R. ALEXANDER JAMIESON.
Printed & Published every Saturday, at the North-China Herald Office, Shanghai.]

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SUPPLEMENT
TO THE
"NORTH-CHINA HERALD," MAY 13, 1865.

SHANGHAI TEA, SILK, COTTON AND OPIUM RETURNS FOR SEASON 1865.

From Imperial Maritime Customs.

TEA.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Ship.	Cleared	Destination	Congou.	Souchong.	Oolung.	Flowery Pekoe.	Brick.	Total Black.	Japan Unclassed.	Sorts.	Young Hyson.	Hyson.	Hyson Skin.	Twankay.	Imperial.	Gun Powder.	Total, Green
Total as per last	Report.....	.....	25812.88	...	...	22.15	2241.27	28076.30	251 21	4212.73	12904.57	4765.95	22.74	1629.08	2531.66	7645.15	33963.09
Ciey,.....	May 4	London	601.66	...	..	...	..	601.66	228.58	618.79	1488.97	1223.52	14.82	165.20	304.94	918.03	4052.86
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Piculs.....	26414.54	...	...	22.15	2241.27	28677.96	479 79	4831.52	14393.54	5989.47	37.56	1784.28	2836.60	8563.18	38015.94

HONGKONG AND COAST PORTS.

Ship	Cleared	Destination	Congou	Souchong	Oolung.	Flowery Pekoe.	Brick.	Total Black.	Japan Unclassed.	Sorts.	Young Hyson.	Hyson.	Hyson Skin.	Twankay.	Imperial.	Gun Powder.	Total Green.
Total as per last	report.....	.....	707.54	...	...	...	698.26	1405.80	...	...	...	1872.59	...	...	...	...	1872.59
Ganges.....	April 29	Hongkong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	55.02	...	...	...	...	55.02
Yesso, ...	May 4	Tientsin	...	...	...	...	6.47	6.47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tunsin, ...	,, 4	Ningpo	...	...	...	...	...	...	17.43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17.43
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Piculs.....	707.54	...	...	...	704 73	1412.27	17.43	...	...	1927.61	...	...	...	...	945.04

UNITED STATES.

Ship.	Cleared.	Destination.	Congou.	Souchong.	Oolung.	Flowery Pekoe.	Brick.	Total Black.	Japan Unclassed.	Sorts.	Young Hyson.	Hyson.	Hyson Skin.	Twankay.	Imperial	Gun Powder.	Total Green
Total as per last	Report.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	985.58	741.31	9900.79	1532.67	274.68	1340.97	1374.11	1710.75	17860.86
Egmont.....	April 24	New York.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	105.86	3878.91	470.92	156.11	291.84	611.32	485.47	5998.43
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	985.58	847.17	13779.70	2003.59	430.79	1632.81	1985.43	2194.22	23859.29

MONTREAL.

Ship.	Cleared.	Destination.	Congou.	Souchong.	Oolung.	Flowery Pekoe.	Brick.	Total Black	Japan Unclassed.	Sorts.	Young Hyson.	Hyson.	Hyson Skin.	Twankay.	Imperial.	Gun Powder.	Total Green.
Total as per last	Report.....	.....	207.12	...	...	...	...	207.12	...	87.17	5210.30	592.55	...	387.42	838.36	2013.37	9129.17
Eva,.....	May 5th.....	Montreal.....	37.80	...	...	...	...	37.80	636.00	...	1145.24	235.35	...	115.73	204.88	237 82	2675.02
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			244.92	...	...	...	..	244.92	636.00	87.17	6355.54	927.90	...	503.15	1043.24	2251.19	11804.19

SILK.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Ship	Cleared	Destination	Raw		Thrown		Total.		Japan Re-exports		Japan Transhipment		Coarse.	Refuse.		Cocoons.	
			Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bls. Pls.	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs.
Total as	per last	Report	1891	1563.19	.....		1891	1563.19	161	156.98	3154		.....	128	223.79	.....	
Aden	May 9	London	57	56.49	.....		57	56.49	25	20.95	.....		.....	...	...	.....	
Lalla Rookh...	,, 10	Liverpool	.....		.....		.....		..	..	.....		.....	2	2.40	.....	
			.....		.....		.....		...	...	.....		.....	...	...	.....	
			.....		.....		.....		...	...	.....		.....	...	...	.....	
			.....		.....		.....		...	...	.....		.....	...	...	.....	
			1948	1619.68	.....		1948	1619 68	186	177.93	3154		.....	130	226.19	.....	

HONGKONG.

Ship	Cleared	Destination	Raw		Thrown		Total		Japan Re-exports		Japan Transhipments		Coarse.	Refuse		Cocoons	
			Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bls. Pls.	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs
Total as	per last	Report.....	17	13.22	.....		17	13.22	.....		.....		...	.....		.....	
Aden	Feb. 24	Hongkong	1	80	.....		1	80	.....		.....		...	.....		.....	
			.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		...	.....		.....	
			18	14.02			18	14.02	.....		.....		...			.....	

UNITED STATES.

Ship	Cleared	Destination	Raw		Thrown		Total.		Japan. Re-exports		Japan. Transhipments		Coarse		Refuse		Cocoons	
			Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bls.	Pls.	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs
Total as	per last	Report....	....		....		....											
Fenella.....	Feb. 28	New York	.....		....		....		30	....	23.97	....		..	38	29.06	....	
			.....		....		....			....		....		..		....	....	
			.....		....		....			....		....		..		....	....	

COAST PORTS.

Ship.	Cleared.	Destination	Raw.		Thrown.		Total.		Japan Re-exports		Japan Transhipments		Coarse		Refuse		Cocoons	
			Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bls.	Pls	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs
Total as	per last	Report....	4	5.17	....		4	5.17	....		....		..	..	....		....	
Waratah...	March 11	Foochow	3	2.40	....		3	2.40	....		....		..	..	....		....	
			7	7.57	....		7	7.57	....		....		..	..	....		....	

THE CONTINENT.

Ship.	Cleared	Destination	Raw		Thrown		Total		Japan. Re-exports		Transhipment		Course		Refuse		Cocoons	
			Bales.	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bales	Piculs	Bls	Pls.	Bales	Piculs	Bls.	Piculs
Total as per last	Report	.....	661	542.28	.....		661	542.28	178	188.33	115	....	....		9	18.14	18.30	
Ganges,.....	May 9	Marseilles	4	3.20	.....		4	3.20	...	...	.....	....	.....		41	32.05	....	
			...	...	.....		...	...	...	....	....	....	....		....	....	....	
			665	545.48	.....		665	545.48	178	188 33	115	....	....		50	50.19	18.30	

INDIA.

Ship.	Cleared	Destination	Raw.		Total	
			Bales	Picul	Bales	Piculs
Total as	per last	Report....	27	21.60	27	21.60
Ganges	Apr. 29	Bombay	14	18.20	14	18.20
			41	39.80	41	39 80

COTTON.

Ship.	Cleared	Great Britain. Export	Re-export	Transhipped	Hongkong. Export	Re-export	Transhipped	Coast Ports. Export	Re-export	Transhipped	India. Export	Re-export	Transhipped	America. Export	Re-export	Transhipped	Total. Piculs.
Total as per last Report		70,105	9,567	629	23,363	157	...	37,018	898	69	434	168	...	...	...	...	151,428
Niuroi,.....	May 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,315	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,315
Annette, ...	... 8	...	...	...	1,260	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,260
Aden,.....	... 9	...	...	...	82	133	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	215
Sarah Marin,.....	... 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	920	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	920
Lalla Rookh,.....	... 10	5,717	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,717
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		84,822	9 567	629	24,695	290	...	40,253	898	69	434	168					161 85[illegible]

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OPIUM.

OPIUM RETURN FOR WEEK ENDING MAY 6TH, 1865.

IMPORTED.

	Malwa. Chests	Malwa. Weight	Patna. Chests	Patna. Weight	Benares. Chests	Benares. Weight	Persian. Chests	Persian. Weight	Turkey. Chests	Turkey. Weight
Imported and stored on board Receiving Vessels	10	10.00	10	12.00	15	18.00	...	...	...	...
Imported and transhipped for re-exportation without being stored on board Receiving Vessels or landed	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Imported direct to the shore	...	...	4	4.80	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	10	10.00	14	16.80	15	18.00	...	...	...	...

Landed from Receiving Vessels and intended chiefly for Local consumption	Malwa. Chests.	Malwa. Weight.	Patna. Chests.	Patna. Weight.	Benares. Chests	Benares. Weight	Turkey. Chests.	Turkey. Weight.
	119	119.00	106	127.20	41	49 20	...	...

RE-EXPORTED.

Description.	Chinkiang. Chests.	Chinkiang. Weight.	Kiukiang. Chests.	Kiukiang. Weight.	Hankow. Chests.	Hankow. Weight.	Chefoo. Chests.	Chefoo. Weight	Tientsin. Chests.	Tientsin. Weight.	Newchwang. Chests.	Newchwang. Weight.	Ningpo. Chests.	Ningpo. Weight.	Nagasaki. Chests.	Nagasaki. Weight.	Hongkong. Chests.	Hongkong. Weight.	Takao. Chests.	Takao. Weight	Total. Chests.	Total. Weight.
Malwa	129	129.00	24	24.00	57	57.00	2	2.00	42	42.00	20	20.00	23	23.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	297	297.00
Patna	9	10.80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	10.80
Benares	...	...	...	...	14	14.00	...	...	5	6.00	...	...	5	6.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	12.00
Persian	...	...	6	6.00	2	2.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	20.00
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2.00
Total	138	139.80	30	30.80	73	73.00	2	2.00	47	48.00	20	20.00	28	29.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	338	341.80

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Date	Vessels.	Flag & Rig.	Tons	Captain.	From	Sailed	Cargo.	Consignees.
May 5	Whampoa	B. str	115	Whitelow	Ningpo			David Sassoon Sons & Co
.. 5	Kinsgee	A. str.	574	Gray	Ningpo			Russell and Co
.. 5	Tunsin	B. str	610	Hound	Ningpo			Russell and Co
.. 5	Silver Eagle	B. ship	903	Longman	Sydney	Mar 28	Coals	Frazar and Co
.. 5	Emperor	B. bark	370	Edom	Calcutta	Feb 4	Rice	Frazar and Co
.. 5	Pawsma	B. bark	360	Johnson	Iloilo	Ap 3	Sugar	Bourjaus, Hubener and Co
.. 6	Vincenzo Giannella	Itn bk	353	Capello	Newport	Dec 23	Coals	Order
.. 6	Calypso	A. bark	565	King	Fuchau	Ap 23	Rice	Augustine Heard and Co
.. 6	Lizzy Allen	B. sch	325	Dan	Swatow	.. 26	Sugar	Augustine Heard and Co
.. 6	Pembroke	A. str.	242	Johnson	Nagasaki			Russell and Co
.. 6	Fire Dart	A. str.	420	West	Ningpo	May 5		Augustine Heard and Co
.. 6	Moyune	A. str	1200	Barton	Hankow			Reid and Co
.. 7	Labourdonnais	Fr str	949	Pellisot	Hongkong		Pish, &c	Messageries Imperiales
.. 7	Ying-tsze-fel	B. str.	313	Stocks	Tientsin			Trautmann and Co
.. 7	Kinsgee	A. str	547	Gray	Ningpo			Russell and Co
.. 7	La Vierge	Fr bk	187	Keuiginer	Merselles	Sep 10	General	Theric and Co
.. 7	Art Union	B. ship	748	Person	Calcutta	Feb 13	Rice	Order
.. 7	Acapulco	B. ship	593	Hiuce	San Francisco	Mar 18	Lumber	Master
.. 7	Fusi-Yama	B. str			Hongkong			Chapman, King
.. 8	Shause	A. str	1000	Perkins	Hankow			Russell and Co
.. 8	Whampoa	B. str.	115	Whitelow	Ningpo	May 7	General	David Sassoon, Sons & Co
.. 8	Glengyle	B. str.	1265	O'Sullvan	H'kong N'po	.. 7	do	Jardine, Matheson & Co
.. 8	Ashiang	A. str	1005	Taylor	H'kow & Ports		do	Olyphant and Co
.. 9	Celestial	B. bark	401	Robinson	Swatow	Ap 25	Sugar, Rice	Jardine, Matheson & Co
.. 8	Elizabeth Kebelson	— —			Calcutta			
.. 8	Iron Crown	— ship						
.. 9	Argus	H.M S			Nagasaki	May 6		
.. 9	Havoc	H.M.S.			Nagasaki	.. 6		
.. 9	Mona	B. str	542	Bourne	Hongkong		General	Gibb, Livingston and Co
.. 9	Ganges	B. str.	742	Bernard	Hongkong		do	Wm. Davison, for Agt
.. 9	Fire Dart	A. str.	420	West	Ningpo			Augustine Heard and Co
.. 9	Waraah	B. str	269	Herris	Fuchau			Mosse and Co
.. 9	Iron Crown	B. ship	994	Leo	Calcutta	Jan 28	Rice	Frazar and Co
.. 9	Launceston	B. ship	585	Pearson	Manilla	Ap 25	Sugar	Augustine Heard and Co
.. 9	Osnabruck	Itn bk	278	Kramer	Swatow	.. 27	do	Wm. Pustau and Co
.. 9	Amaranth	Itn bk	280	Woolman	Swatow		do	
.. 10	Mirage	B. ship	718	Campbell	Yokohama	Ap 28	General	Smith, Kennedy and Co
.. 10	Kiunang	B. bark	555	Sinclair	Sydney	Mar 18	Coals	Johnson and Co
.. 12	Edward & Elize	Itn. bk	282	Voje	Ningpo		Ballast	Siemssen and Co
.. 10	Klangee	A. str.	547	Gray	Ningpo	May 9	General	Russell and Co
.. 10	Whampoa	B. str	115	Whitelow	Ningpo			David Sassoon, Sons & Co
.. 80	Nanzing	B. str.	419	Tuffuck	Tientsin			Trautmann and Co
.. 10	Szechuen	A. str.	1004	Spencer	Hankow			Russell and Co
.. 11	Fire Dart	A. str	420	West	Ningpo	Mar 10	General	Augustine Heard & Co
.. 11	Hever-sham	B. bark	400	Pearce	Yokohama	Ap 22	Tea	H. Fogg and Co
.. 11	Quick	B. brig	228	Vebert	Swatow	May 1	Sugar	Captain
.. 11	Gerard	B. str.	418	Quirk	Tientsin			Smith, Kennedy and Co

DEPARTURES.

From the anchorage.

Date.	Vessels.	Flag & Rig.	Tons	Captain.	Destination.	Cargo.	Despatched by
May 5	Yeddo	B. str	294	Lally	T'sin v C'foo	Sun. &c	W. R. Adamson and Co
.. 5	Kiangee	A. str	547	Gray	Ningpo	Sundries	Russell and Co
.. 5	Japanese	B. ship	492	Boyd	Foochow	Ballast	Jardine, Matheson and Co
.. 5	Lanring	Ita. bk	306	Mortensin	Chefoo	Sun., &c	Wm. Pustau and Co
.. 6	Whampoa	B. str	115	Whitelow	Ningpo		David Sassoon, Sons Co and
.. 6	Promise	B. str	590	Sutherland	Chefoo & T'sin	Sun. etc	Smith, Kennedy and Co
.. 6	Confucius	Chi. str		McCallin			
.. 6	Fire Dart	A. str	420	West	Ningpo	Sun., &c	Augustine Heard and Co
.. 6	Eva	B. bark	342	Kidd	New York		Wm. Pustau and Co
.. 6	Pioneer No. 1	B. bark	231	Chase	Manilla	Ballast	Frazar and Co
.. 6	Aden	B. str.	507	Soames	H'kg & Ports	Mails, etc	W. Davison, Agent P.&O. Co
.. 7	Fire Queen	B. str	1133	Johnson	Hongkong		Lindsay and Co
.. 7	Tunsin	B. str	610	Hound	H'kow & Ports		Geo. Barnet and Co
.. 6	Margaret Campbell	B. sch	125	Pite	Newchwang	Sundries	Bourjan, Hubener and Co
.. 8	Bessie Staright	Ita. bg	130	Timm	Formosa	Re-exports	Edouard Schellhass and Co
.. 8	Ecliptic	B. bark	336	Collinson	Newchwang	Ballast	Augustine Heard and Co
.. 8	Shue-ud	B. ship	1027	Oughton	Amoy	C'ton &c.	Dow and Co
.. 8	Catalpa	A. bark	201	Stevens	Nagasaki	Sun., &c	Frazar and Co
.. 8	Elizabeth	B. bark	412	Samson	Newchwang	Ballast	A. R. Tilby and Co
.. 8	Whampoa	B. str	115	Whitelow	Ningpo	do	David Sassoon, Sons & Co
.. 8	Kinsgee	A. str.	547	Gray	Ningpo	Sun. &c	Russell and Co
.. 8	Tahwah	A. str	245	Andrews	H'kow & Ports		Olyphant and Co
.. 9	Vulcan	B. str	120	Cooley	Fuchau	Sun., &c	Gibb, Livingston and Co
.. 9	Shining Star	Ita. bk	414	Muhlenroth	Montreal	Tea	Jarvie, Thorburn and Co
.. 9	Fire Dart	B. str.	420	West	Ningpo	Sun., &c	Augustine Heard and Co
.. 10	Staunch	H.M.S.		Dunlop			
.. 10	Ben Nevis	B. brig	270	Kinmond	Newchwang	Opium	Frazar and Co
.. 10	Lei'n	B. bark	267	Rapsen	Amoy	Ballast	Fletcher and Co
.. 10	Kinsgee	A. str	547	Gray	Ningpo	Opt., etc	Russell and Co
.. 11	Pegilla	Am cut.		Courtenay	Yokohama		
.. 11	Pembroke	A. str	242	Johnson	Nagasaki	gun. &c	Russell and Co
.. 11	Kinlin	B. str.	274	Branwell	Nagasaki	do	Glover and Co
.. 12	Whampoa	B. str	115	Whitelow	Ningpo	Opt., &c	David Sassoon, Sons and Co
.. 11	Fire Dart	A. str	420	West	Ningpo	Sun., &c	Augustine Heard and Co
.. 11	Kestrle	H. ship	878	Evans	Fuchau	Re-expts	Blain, Tate and Co
.. 11	Abbot-ford	B. bark	527	Anus	New York	Tea	Olyphant and Co
.. 11	Ho Heang	B. bg	154	Allardice	Newchwang	Sundries	A. R. Tilby and Co
.. 11	Sarah and Maria	Ita. bk	256	Godo	Swatow	C'ton. &c	Bourjau, Hübener and Co

SHIPPING IN HARBOUR AND AT WOOSUNG, MAY 13, 1865.

MERCHANT STEAMERS.

Vessels.	Date of Arrival	Flag & Rig.	Tons	Captains.	Consignees.	Destination.	Intended despatch.
Anna	Aug 26	A. str	63		H. Fogg and Co	*Laid up*	
Ho-Peep	June 1	Chi. str	73	Corbran		*Laid up*	
Chu-an	Ap 13	B. str	434	Shaw	Fletcher and Co		
Cricket	June 1	A. str	81			*Laid up*	
Emperor	Feb 27	B. str	106	Mooney	Jardine, Matheson and Co		
Enterprise		A. str.	102		H. Fogg and Co	*Laid up*	
Fanti		B. str.	39		Jardine, Matheson and Co		
Fenella	Dec 15	B. str	179	Handal	Nichol Latimer and Co	Repairs	
Firefly					Chinese Government		
Fohkien	May 30	B. str	923	Johnson	Russell and Co	Hongkong	17th inst
Fusi-Yama	May 7	B. str			Dent and Co	H'kaw & Ports	17th inst
Ganges	May 9	B. str	742	Bernard	Wm. Davison, for the Agent	Hongkong	14th inst
Gazzelle					Wheelock and Co		
Gerard	May 11	B. str	401	Quirk	Smith, Kennedy and Co		
Glengyle	May 8	B. str	1265	O'sullivan	Jardine, Matheson and Co	Hkg Cton Pau	14th inst
Greta		Pru. str			Wm. Pustau and Co	Hkg Ay Stow	old 12inst
J. H. Wills, Jr.	Ap 30	A. bark	300	Wills	Augustine Heard and Co		
King-loong	Aug 12	A. str	945		Augustine Heard and Co	*Laid up*	
Kiukiang	M ay 5	A. str	1065	Taylor	Olyphant and Co		

MERCHANT STEAMERS.—*Continued.*

Vessels.	Date of Arrival	Flag & Rig	Tons	Captain.	Consignees.	Destination.	Intended despatch
Lnbourdonnais	May 7	Fr str.	949	Pellisot	Messageries Imperiales		
Lemin	May 1	B. str					
Little Mary	May 21	B. str.			Lamond		
Mercury	June 23	B. str.		Bayston	Reid and Co		
Mona	May 9	B. str.	542	Bourne	Gibb, Livingston and Co	H'ke & C'ton	Early
Nanzing	May 10	B. str.	419	Tulloch	Trautmann and Co	Chefoo & Ports	Early
Nepaul	May 3	Ita str.	541	Andrews	Wm. Davison, for the Agent	Yokohama	14th inst
Nora Creina		B. str	92				
Shooey-leen	Ap 23	B. str.	492	Mann	Dow and Co		
Szechuen	May 10	A. str.	1006	Spencer	Russell and Co	H'kow & Ports	14th inst
Tantiee	Feb 19	A. str.	60	Lowell	Russell and Co		
Wan-Loong-Fel		B. str.	45		Geo. Barnet and Co		
Waratah	May 9	B. str.	269	Harris	Messrs and Co	Fuchau	To-day
Willamette	Mar 20	Chl str					

83 *Steamers.*]

MERCHANT VESSELS.

Vessels.	Date of Arrival	Flag Rig.	Tons	Captain.	Consignees.	Destination	Intended despatch
Acapulco	May 7	B. ship	593	Hiuce	Russell and Co	New York	Imdt
Alice	Aug 17	B. bark	332	Nixon	Nichol Latimer and Co		
Albert	Ap 24	Itn sch	300	Schrader	Siemssen and Co		
Amaranth	May 9	Ita. bk	280	Woolman			
Andreas	May 15	Bre sh	780	Stott	Maertens Lathem and Co		
Art Union	May 7	B. ship	748	Polson	Shaw, Brothers and Co		
Ark	May 21	A. bark	266	Luce	Augustine Heard and Co		
Challenger	Ap 30	B. ship	699	Browne	Lindsay and Co		
Calypso	May 6	A. bark	565	King	Augustine Heard and Co		
Celestial	May 8	B. bark	401	Robinson	Jardine, Matheson and Co		
Eduard and Elize	May 10	Ita. bg	282	Voje	Siemssen and Co		
Eliza Mary	Ap 13	B. schr	127	Byrne	Byrne and Co		
Electra	Ap 26	B. ship	606	Westgate	Hogg Brothers		
E. Nicholson	May 8	— —					
Emperor	May 5	B. bark	370	Edom	Frazar and Co		
Eshun	May 1	B. bark	280	Lowe	Frazar and Co		
Ethel	Ap 22	B. bark	371	Wylie	Frazar and Co		
Ethiopian	Mar 22	B. ship	828	Edwards	Smith, Kennedy and Co		
Fire Queen	Ap 24	B. ship	783	Duggan	Gibb, Livingston and Co	London	Early
Garrawait	Mar 26	B. ship	627	Philipps	Smith, Kennedy and Co		
Geong	Ap 23	Ita sch.	118	Schiertch	Clauson Droege	Tientsin	To-day
Guinevere	Ap 22	B. ship	694	McLean	Jardine Matheson and Co		
Hesperia	May 3	B. ship	449	Jarvis	Olyphant and Co		
Heverabam	May 11	B. bark	500	Pearce	H. Fogg and Co		
Hindu	May 1	B. ship	449	Jarvis,	Olyphant and Co		
Highflyer	Ap 23	B. ship	1011	Benest	Lindsay and Co	Chefoo	old 8 inst
Iron Crown	May 8	B. ship	994	Leo	Frazar and Co	London	Early
Isles of South	Ap 24	B. ship	821	Davidson	Hogg, Brothers		
Jas. Paton	May 1	B. ship	397	Alison	Smith, Kennedy and Co	Newchwang	old 12 inst
J. R. Wills Jr.	Ap 30	A. bark	300	Wills	Augustine Heard and Co		
Kaffir Chief	Sept 13	B. schr	186	James	Order		
Keen-ta	Feb 1	B. bark	286	Gall	Allen and Co		
Kiunang	May 10	B. bark	554	Sinclair	Johnson and Co		
Lady McNaughten	July 6	B. ship	570	Weymouth	Geo. Barnet and Co		
La Vierge	May 7	Fr bk	187	Keuiginer	Theric and Co		
Launceston	May 9	B. str	585	Pearson	Augustine Heard and Co		
Lizzy Allen	May 6	B. schr.	325	Dan	Augustine Heard and Co		
Marianne	Ap 22	B. brig	102	Ugler	Oxford and Co		
Mercia	Ap 22	B. ship	596		A. R. Tilby and Co	Newchwang	Imdt
Melita	Ap 24	B. ship	914	Cameron	Chapman, King and Co		
Mirage	May 10	B. ship	718	Campbell	Smith, Kennedyand Co	London	15th inst.
Norwood	Ap 25	B. ship	789	Briston	Chapman, King and Co		
Ocean Gem	Ap	B. bark	263	Selby	Frazar and Co	New York	old 12 inst
Osnabruck	May 9	Ita. bk	278	Kramer	Wm. Pustau and Co	Chefoo	Imdt
Panama	May 3	B. ship			Bourjau, Hubener and Co	Newchwang	Early
Quick	May 11	B. brig	228	Vebert	Captain		
Ranee	Ap 23	B. ship	590	Pattie	Wm. Pustau and Co	Swatow	Imdt
Sanspariel	May 3	B. ship		McAffee	Augustine Heard and Co		
Sebastopol	Ap 26	A. ship	780		Augustine Heard and Co		
Silver Eagle	May 5	B. bark	369	Johnson	Johnson and Co		
Sir W. Wallace	May 1	B. schr	162	Turney	Smith, Kennedy and Co		
Star	Ap 23	B. brig			Glover and Co	Nagasaki	Imdt
Stella	May 2	B. bark	290	Day	Order		
Stirling	Feb 7	A. bark	300	Bourne	Dent and Co	Tientsin	Imdt
The Chang	May 1	B. schr	150	Fribarron	Bulsconnet and Co		
Thos. Dryden	May 2	B. bark	440	Brown			
Tientsin	Ap 22	Ita. bg	350		Phillips, Moore and Co	Ay. & Manila	Early
Twilight	Ap 19	B. ship	660	McAlley	Frazar and Co		
Usko	May 4	Rus bk	700	Krovimere	Order	New York	Imdt
Vincenzo Giannella	May 6	Ita bk	353	Capello	Order		
Waimouth	May 3	B. ship	129	Morris	Hogg, Brothers	Liverpool	Early
Woosung	Jan 9	B. ship	129	Colebank	Fletcher and Co	London	Early
Wm. Melhuish	Dec 23	B. ship	707	Duff	Smith, Kennedy and Co	London	Early

63 *Vessels.*]

HULKS.

Name	Commander	Flag	Tons	Agents
Berwick Wells		(Floating Hospital)		
Bathal				
Klogsan				
Louisa	Wills	American ship		
Melbourne		British ship	93	T. R. Wheelock
Ngapuhi	Friday	British barque	591	Shaw, Brothers and Co
Nimrod		British ship	543	Harbor Master
Pons Ælia		British barque	262	H. I. M.'s Customs
Rosa	Heaglehole	British barque	480	A. R. Tilby and Co
Samuel Stoddart				F. R. Gamwell

TUG BOATS PLYING FOR HIRE.

Name	Commander	Flag	Tons	Agents
Bunker Hill	Dobbyn	American steamer	83	Augustine Heard and Co
Fei Yuen	Erickson	British steamer	50	Shanghai Tug and Lighter Co
Fokelin	Skene	British steamer	70	Captain Patridge
Hercules	Parks	British steamer		Captains
Little Orphan	Benning	American steamer	160	Augustine Heard and Co
Martin White		American steamer	100	H. Fogg and Co
Powerful	Ryder	Hem. steamer	50	Wm. Pustau and Co
Samson	Eriksen	British steamer	81	Capt. Patridge
Titan		British steamer		Smith, Kennedy and Co

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